Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1 \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{R_2} R_3$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein: R_1 is halogen or C_1 - C_4 alkyl;

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, represents halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino,
- R_3 represesents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino,

with the proviso that R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when R_1 is bromo;

wherein in an <u>in vitro</u> assay for D2 receptor binding <u>employing</u>
homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

human D2 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

- 2. (Original) A compound according to Claim 1, wherein R_1 is methyl.
 - 3. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein $R_{\mathbf{x}}$ is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- with the proviso that R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when $R_{\rm x}$ is bromo; and
- wherein in an in vitro assay for D2 receptor binding employing

 homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

 human D2 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of
 greater than 300 nM.
 - 4. (canceled)

- 5. (Currently amended) A compound according to claim 3, wherein R_x is chloride; R_2 —and R_3 —may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when R_1 is bromo; R_2 is chloride, methyl, ethoxy or methoxy; and R_3 is chloride, hydrogen or methyl.
- 6. (Original) A compound according to claim 5, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein R_a is $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl; and

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, represents halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- R_3 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- wherein in an in vitro assay for D2 receptor binding employing homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced human D2 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.
- 8. (currently amended) A compound according to Claim 7, wherein R_1 R_2 is methyl.
- 9. (Original) A compound of according to Claim 7, wherein R_2 is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and R_3 is hydrogen or methyl.

10. (Original) A compound according to claim 8, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

11. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 R_1 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an <u>in vitro</u> assay for D2 receptor binding <u>employing</u>

homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

human D2 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM.

12. (Original) A compound according to Claim 11, wherein R_1 is chloro.

13-35. (Canceled)

- 36. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein the Ki value is greater than 600 nM.
- 37. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 1 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 38. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 3 wherein the Ki value of greater than 600 nM.
- 39. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 3 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 40. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 7 wherein the Ki value is greater than 600 nM.

- 41. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 7 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
- 42. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim
 11 wherein the Ki value is greater than 600 nM.
- 43. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim
 11 wherein the Ki value is greater than 1000 nM.
 - 44. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein: R_1 is halogen or $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl;

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, represents halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino,
- R_3 represents <u>hydrogen</u>, <u>halogen</u>, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino,

with the proviso that R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when R_1 is bromo;

- wherein in an in vitro assay for D4 receptor binding employing

 homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

 human D4 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16

 nM or less.
- 45. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 44, wherein R_1 is methyl.
 - 46. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein $R_{\mathbf{x}}$ is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_4}$ alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_4}$ alkylamino or dialkylamino di $\underline{C_1}$ - $\underline{C_4}$ alkylamino;
- wherein in an <u>in vitro</u> assay for D4 receptor binding <u>employing</u>

 <u>homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced</u>

 <u>human D4 receptors</u>, the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16

 nM or less.

- 47. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 46, wherein R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when R_1 is bromo.
- 48. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 46, wherein $R_{\rm x}$ is chloride; $R_{\rm 2}$ and $R_{\rm 3}$ may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when $R_{\rm 1}$ is bromo; $R_{\rm 2}$ is chloride, methyl or methoxy; and $R_{\rm 3}$ is hydrogen or methyl.
- 49. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 48, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_{a} \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} R_{2} \\ \hline \\ N \end{array} } R_{3}$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein R_a is $C_1\text{-}C_4$ alkyl; and

- R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, represents halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- R₃ represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- wherein in an in vitro assay for D4 receptor binding employing

 homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

 human D4 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16

 nM or less.
- 51. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 50, wherein R_1 is methyl.

- 52. (Previously presented) A compound of according to Claim 50, wherein R_2 is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and R_3 is hydrogen or methyl.
- 53. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 51, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_1$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 R_1 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an in vitro assay for D4 receptor binding employing

homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced

human D4 receptors, the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16

nM or less.

55. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 54, wherein R_1 is chloro.

56. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_1 \xrightarrow{N} N \xrightarrow{\frac{1}{11}} R_3$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable acid salts thereof wherein: $R_1 \ \text{is halogen or} \ C_1\text{-}C_4 \ \text{alkyl};$

- R_3 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino,

with the proviso that R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen respectively when R_1 is bromo;

- wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less, wherein each assay is an in vitro assay employing homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced human receptors.
- 57. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 56, wherein R_1 is methyl.
 - 58. (currently amended) A compound of the formula:

$$R_{x} = N$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 R_x is fluorine, chlorine, bromine, or iodine; and

 R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in

an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less, wherein each assay is an in vitro assay employing homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced human receptors.

- 59. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 58, wherein R_2 and R_3 may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when R_1 is bromo.
- 60. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 58, wherein $R_{\rm x}$ is chloride; $R_{\rm 2}$ and $R_{\rm 3}$ may not be 2-isopropoxyl and hydrogen, respectively, when $R_{\rm 1}$ is bromo; $R_{\rm 2}$ is chloride, methyl or methoxy; and $R_{\rm 3}$ is hydrogen or methyl.
- 61. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 60, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein $R_a \mbox{ is } C_1\hbox{-} C_4 \mbox{ alkyl}\,; \mbox{ and}$

 R_2 and R_3 are the same or different and represent hydrogen, represents halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, monoalkylamino mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or dialkylamino di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;

- R_3 represents hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkoxy, C_1 - C_4 alkylthio, hydroxy, amino, mono C_1 - C_4 alkylamino or di C_1 - C_4 alkylamino;
- wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less, wherein each assay is an in vitro assay employing homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced human receptors.
- 63. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 62, wherein R_1 is methyl.
- 64. (Previously presented) A compound of according to Claim 62, wherein R_2 is chloride, fluoride, methyl or methoxy; and R_3 is hydrogen or methyl.
- 65. (Previously presented) A compound according to claim 63, wherein the phenyl group substituted with R_2 and R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

$$R_1$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 R_1 is C_1 - C_4 alkyl or halogen; and

wherein in an assay for D2 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of greater than 300 nM, and wherein in an assay for D4 receptor binding the compound exhibits a Ki value of 16 nM or less, wherein each assay is an in vitro assay employing homogenized COS cells containing recombinantly produced human receptors.

67. (Previously presented) A compound according to Claim 66, wherein R_1 is chloro.